Overview of the Elimination or Reduction in Tariffs under the Japan-India Economic Partnership Agreement

Based on the Japan-India EPA, the tariff is scheduled to be eliminated approximately 94% of the value of the trade between the two countries (approximately 90% of exports from Japan and approximately 98% of imports from India) within 10 years from the entry into force of the agreement.

I. Agriculture, forestry and fisheries

1. Japan’s key commitments
   (a) Agricultural products
      • Immediate tariff elimination: Durians, Asparagus (fresh or chilled)
      • Gradual tariff elimination: Curry, Capsicums (fresh or chilled)
   (b) Fishery products
      • Immediate tariff elimination: Lobsters, Shrimps and Prawns
      • Gradual tariff elimination: Dogfish or other sharks, Sea bass
   (c) Forestry products
      • Immediate tariff elimination: Wood products

2. India’s key commitments
   • Gradual tariff elimination: Bonsai, Chinese yams, Peaches, Strawberries, Persimmons

II. Industrial products

1. Japan’s key commitments
   Almost all of the tariffs for mining and industrial products imported into Japan are eliminated immediately.

2. India’s key commitments
   (a) Parts of automobiles
      • Gradual tariff reduction: Gear boxes, Diesel engines
   (b) Electrical/electronic Machinery
      • Gradual tariff elimination: DVD player, Digital cameras